

4915. **Adulteration of corn flour. U. S. \* \* \* v. 60 Bags of Corn Flour.**  
**Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction.**  
(F. & D. No. 6986. I. S. No. 20756-1. S. No. W-73.)

On November 8, 1915, the United States attorney for the District of Utah, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 60 bags of corn flour, remaining unsold in the original unbroken packages at Salt Lake City, Utah, alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce by the Charles Herendeen Milling Co., of Chicago, Ill., from the State of Illinois into the State of Utah, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that each of the said 60 bags of corn flour contained living larvæ, dead larvæ in a state of decomposition, larvæ excreta, and a larvæ webby material.

On December 13, 1915, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product should be destroyed by the United States marshal.

R. A. PEARSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*